



Investment Performance

Period Ending June 30, 2022

Prepared for:
United World College
August 19, 2022

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United World College

Please contact your UBS Institutional Consultant if you have any questions regarding this report, if your financial situation, individual needs or investment objectives have changed, or if you would like to initiate or modify any investment restrictions on this account.

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**United World College
June 30, 2022**

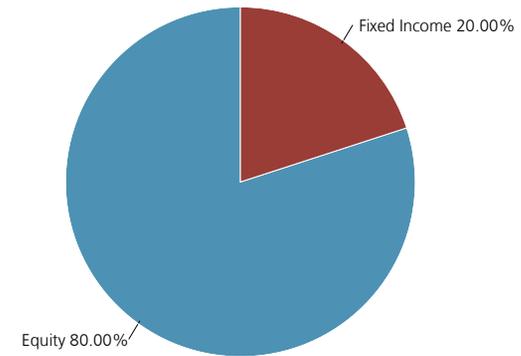
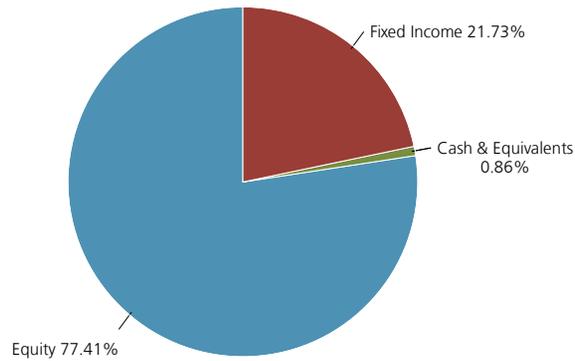
Accounts Included in this Report

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Account Name	Account Number	Custodian Name
Endowment	Y6xxx79	UBS Financial Services
Money Market	Y6xxx80	UBS Financial Services
Davis-Endowment	Y6xxx81	UBS Financial Services

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Actual vs Target Asset Allocation



	Market Value Actual	Percent Actual	Market Value Target	Percent Target	Market Value Difference	Percent Difference
Equity	96,269,514	77%	99,496,076	80%	(3,226,562)	-3%
Fixed Income	27,027,459	22%	24,874,019	20%	2,153,440	2%
Cash & Equivalents	1,073,121	1%	0	0%	1,073,121	1%

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Account Values							
	Latest Quarter	Fiscal YTD	Year to Date	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Since Inception
Beginning Mkt Value	\$144,858,247.40	\$153,044,736.59	\$153,044,736.59	\$152,753,171.00	\$122,301,107.00	\$126,697,362.00	\$109,384,804.00
Net Contributions	(\$2,962,124.00)	(\$3,924,248.00)	(\$3,924,248.00)	(\$4,179,080.04)	(\$10,120,878.04)	(\$28,212,741.04)	(\$28,167,307.04)
Investment Earnings	(\$17,526,028.93)	(\$24,750,394.12)	(\$24,750,394.12)	(\$24,203,996.49)	\$12,189,865.51	\$25,885,473.51	\$43,152,597.51
Ending Mkt Value	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47	\$124,370,094.47

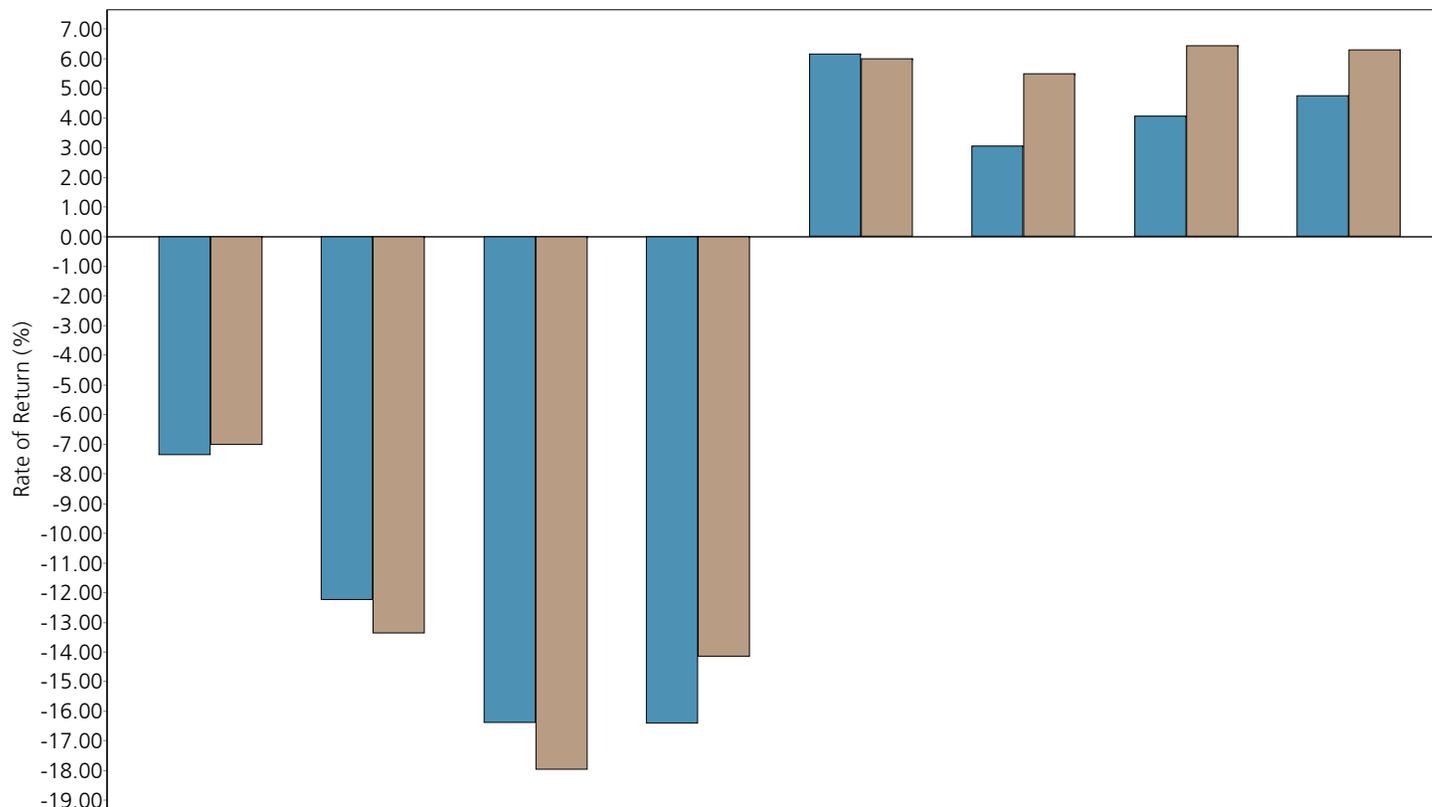
Returns									
	Latest Quarter	Fiscal YTD	Calendar YTD	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years	Fifteen Years	Since Inception
Account	-12.25%	-16.39%	-16.39%	-16.41%	3.05%	4.07%			4.75%
Policy Index	-13.38%	-17.99%	-17.99%	-14.17%	5.49%	6.43%			6.30%
Difference	1.13%	1.59%	1.59%	-2.24%	-2.44%	-2.36%			-1.55%

Calendar Year Returns												
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Account	-16.39%	12.16%	8.61%	22.49%	-9.89%	17.92%	9.03%					
Policy Index	-17.99%	14.73%	15.67%	23.48%	-7.07%	20.14%	7.46%					
Difference	1.59%	-2.58%	-7.05%	-1.00%	-2.82%	-2.21%	1.57%					

Policy Index: 80% MSCI AC World Index, 20% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

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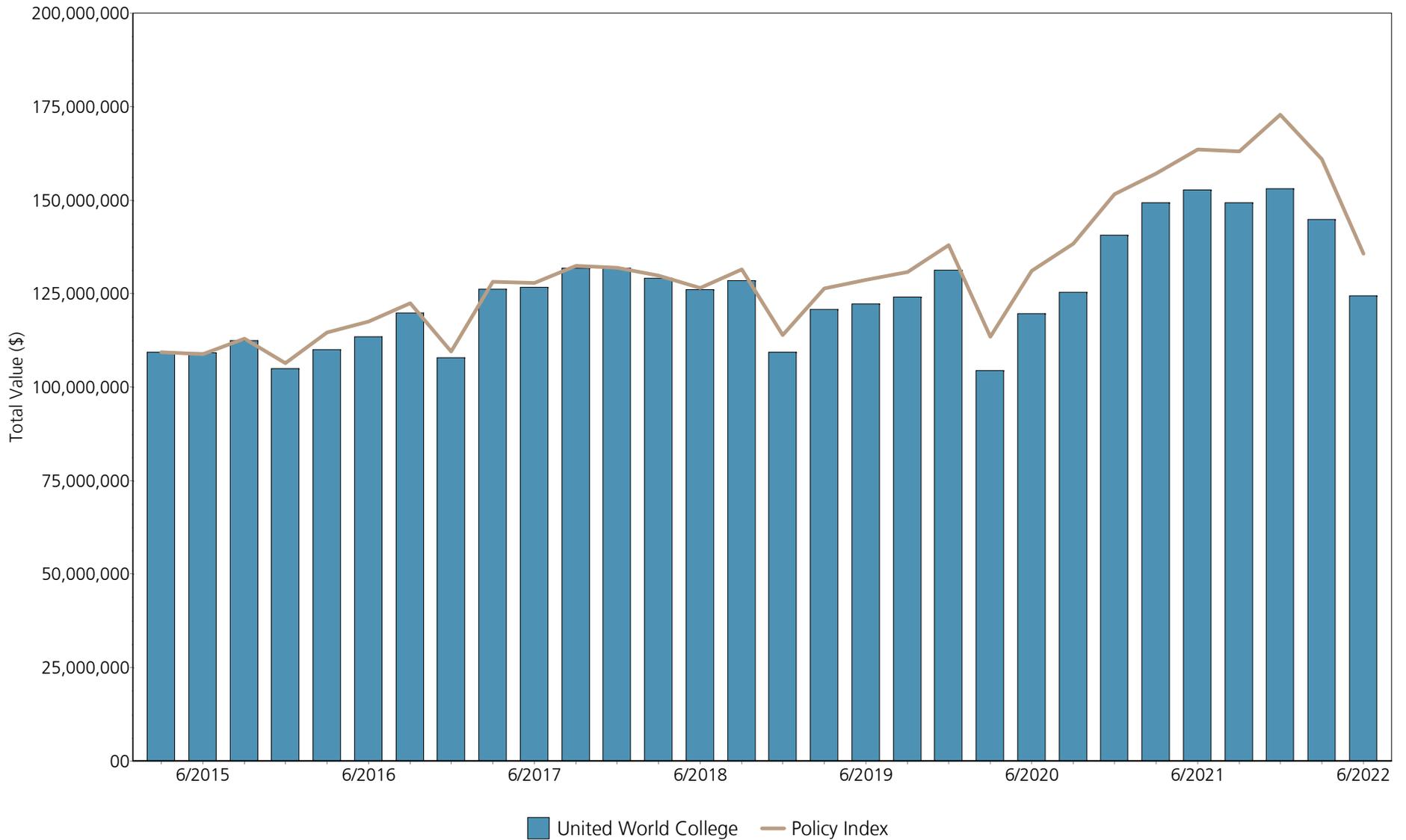
Time Weighted Rates of Return
March 31, 2015 Through June 30, 2022



	Latest Month	Latest Quarter	Year To Date	One Year	Two Years	Three Years	Five Years	Since Inception
United World College	-7.36	-12.25	-16.39	-16.41	6.16	3.05	4.07	4.75
Policy Index	-7.03	-13.38	-17.99	-14.17	5.99	5.49	6.43	6.30

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Composite/Portfolio Market Value vs. Policy Index Market Value



Policy Index: 80% MSCI AC World Index, 20% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

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Executive Summary									
	Market Value 06/30/2022	Actual Allocation	Month	QTD	YTD	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Since Inception
TOTAL FUND									
Equity									
DAVIS NEW YORK VENTURE FUND	\$35,379,489	28.45%	-9.57%	-15.67%	-20.20%				-22.06%
Russell 1000			-8.38%	-16.67%	-20.94%	-13.04%	10.17%	11.00%	-17.20%
DAVIS REAL ESTATE FD CL Y	\$12,735,580	10.24%	-9.16%	-17.88%	-20.75%				-12.29%
S&P United States RE			-7.33%	-16.88%	-20.20%	-6.20%	4.02%	5.26%	-12.20%
Vanguard FTSE Developed Mkts ETF	\$34,517,208	27.75%	-9.20%	-13.96%	-18.93%				-19.59%
Msci Acwi Ex Usa Nr			-8.60%	-13.73%	-18.42%	-19.42%	1.35%	2.50%	-19.60%
VANGUARD INTL EQUITY INDEX FD	\$6,571,704	5.28%	-4.06%						-2.80%
MSCI Emerg Mkts			-6.56%	-11.34%	-17.47%	-25.00%	0.92%	2.55%	-6.13%
VANGUARD SMALL CAP ETF VANGUARD	\$7,065,533	5.68%	-9.39%	-16.87%	-21.63%				-21.15%
Russell 2000			-8.22%	-17.20%	-23.43%	-25.20%	4.21%	5.17%	-24.09%
Total Equity	\$96,269,514	77.41%	-9.01%	-15.11%	-19.54%				-19.75%
Fixed Income									
VANGUARD SHORT TERM CORPORATE	\$27,027,459	21.73%	-1.32%	-1.92%	-5.52%				-6.38%
BB Agg 1-3Yr			-0.69%	-0.64%	-3.12%	-3.58%	0.21%	1.02%	-3.75%
Total Fixed Income	\$27,027,459	21.73%	-1.32%	-1.92%	-5.52%				-6.38%
Cash & Equivalents									
Total Cash & Equivalents	\$1,073,121	0.86%	0.04%	0.08%	0.08%				0.10%
TOTAL:	\$124,370,094	100.00%	-7.36%	-12.25%	-16.39%	-16.41%	3.05%	4.07%	4.75%
Policy Index			-7.76%	-14.02%	-19.46%	-14.70%	3.92%	5.40%	5.86%

Policy Index: 80% MSCI AC World Index, 20% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

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Asset Class Performance
June 30, 2017 Through June 30, 2022

	LATEST MONTH ROR	LATEST QUARTER ROR	YEAR TO DATE ROR	ONE YEAR ROR	THREE YEARS ROR	FIVE YEARS ROR
TOTAL FUND						
United World College	-7.36	-12.25	-16.39	-16.41	3.05	4.07
Policy Index	-7.76	-14.02	-19.46	-14.70	3.92	5.40
Cash & Equivalents						
United World College	0.04	0.08	0.08	N/A	N/A	N/A
BB 3 Mth TBill	0.02	0.11	0.15	0.17	0.63	1.10
Fixed Income						
United World College	-1.32	-1.92	-5.52	N/A	N/A	N/A
BB Agg Bond	-1.57	-4.69	-10.35	-10.29	-0.93	0.88
Equity						
United World College	-9.02	-15.09	-19.51	N/A	N/A	N/A
MSCI AC World Index	-8.39	-15.53	-19.97	-15.37	6.71	7.54

The policy index reflects the returns of the following indexes:"

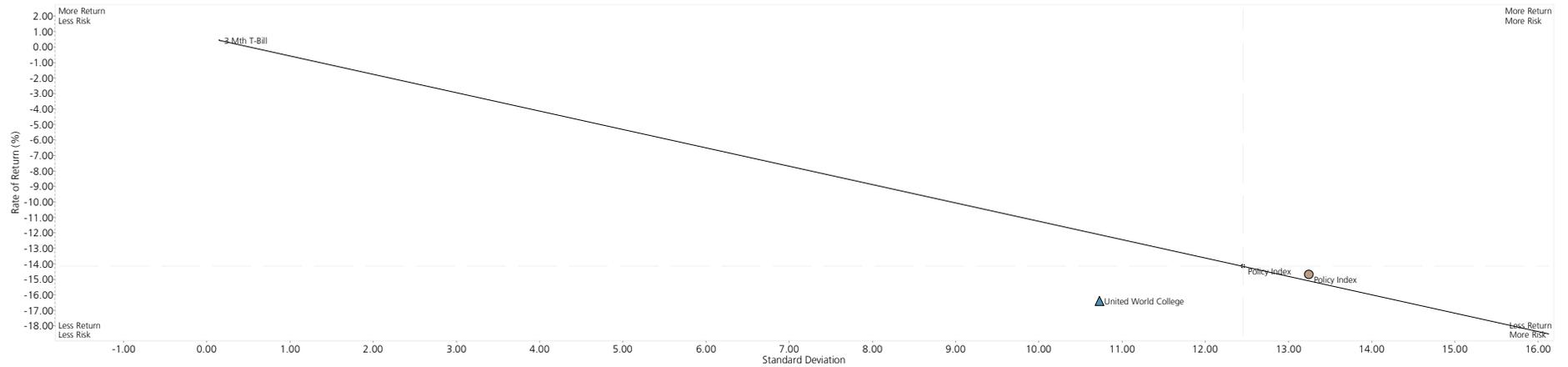
03/31/2015 - Present

80% MSCI AC World Index
20% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

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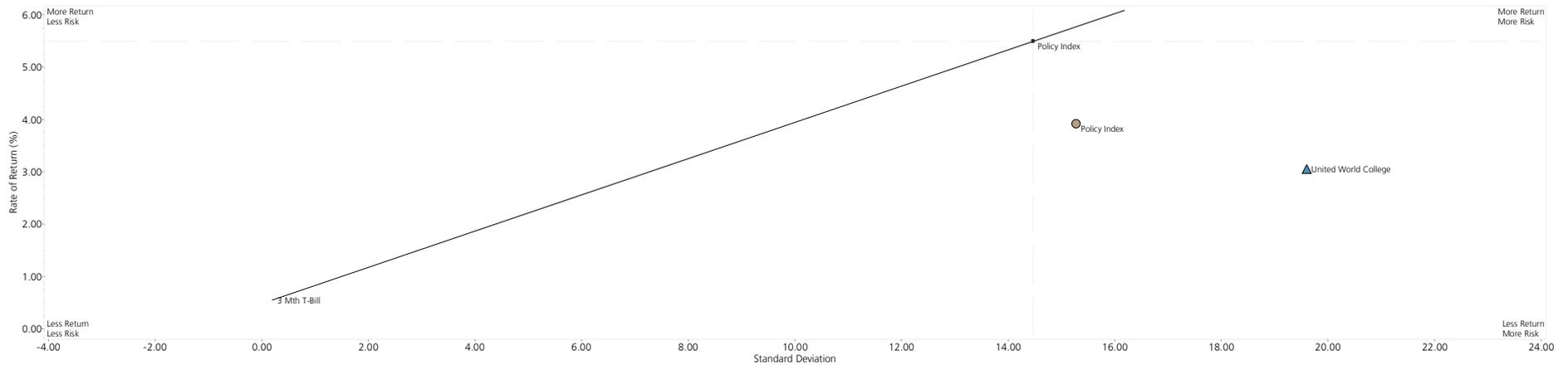
Risk vs Reward

One Year



	Return	Sharpe Ratio	Std Dev	Alpha	Beta	R-Squared	Info Ratio
▲ United World College	-16.41	-1.57	10.73	-5.33	0.83	92.63	-0.78
● Policy Index	-14.70	-1.14	13.25	0.32	1.06	98.52	-0.29

Three Year

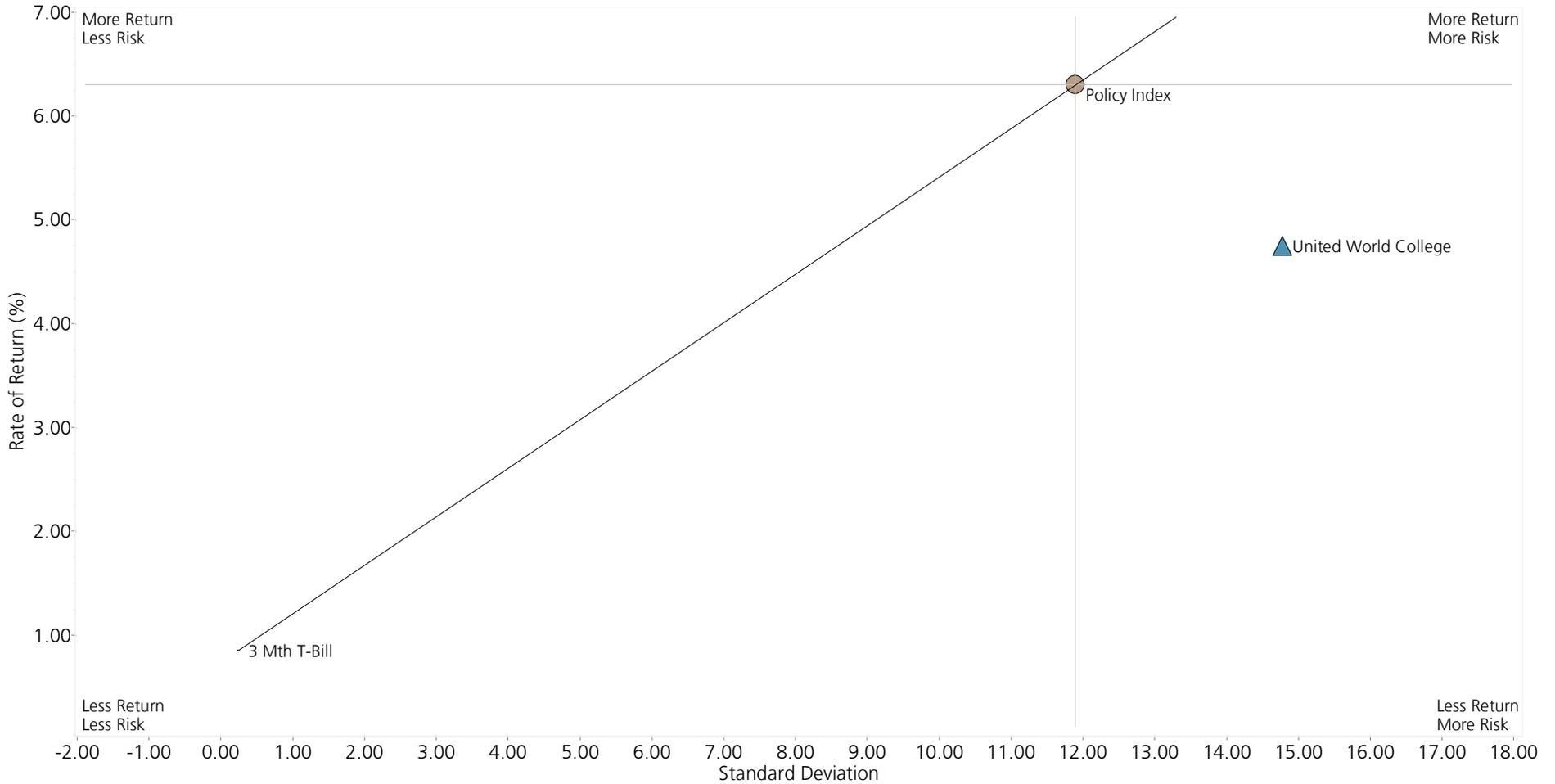


	Return	Sharpe Ratio	Std Dev	Alpha	Beta	R-Squared	Info Ratio
▲ United World College	3.05	0.13	19.60	-0.12	0.78	33.27	-0.17
● Policy Index	3.92	0.22	15.28	-1.66	1.05	98.63	-0.72

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Risk vs Reward

Since Inception

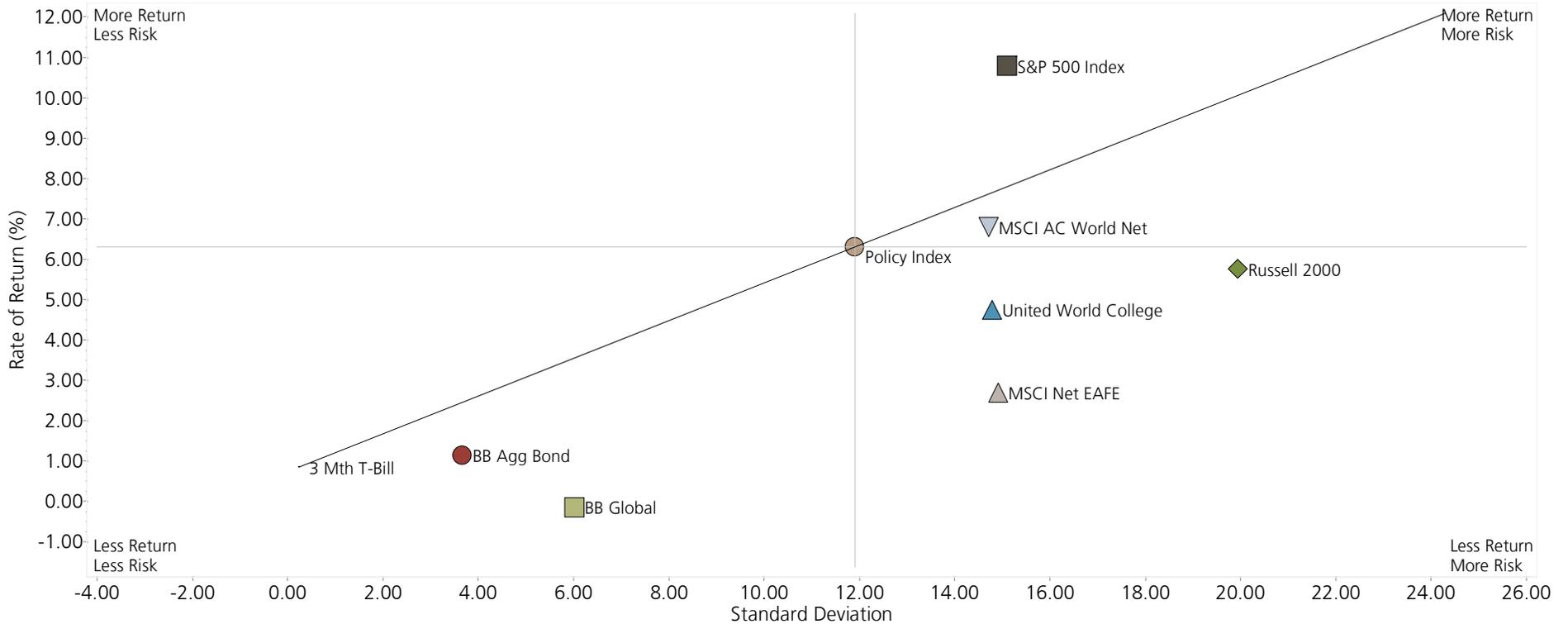


	Return	Sharpe Ratio	Std Dev	Alpha	Beta	R-Squared	Info Ratio
▲ United World College	4.75	0.26	14.78	1.45	0.58	21.88	-0.14
● Policy Index	6.30	0.46	11.90	0.00	1.00	100.00	0.00

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Risk vs Reward

Since Inception



	Return	Std Dev	Alpha	Beta	R-Squared
▲ United World College	4.75	14.78	1.45	0.58	21.88
● Policy Index	6.30	11.90	0.00	1.00	100.00
■ S&P 500 Index	10.78	15.10	3.18	1.24	94.75
▽ MSCI AC World Net	6.79	14.71	-0.56	1.23	99.63
◆ Russell 2000	5.77	19.95	-1.90	1.45	75.25
△ MSCI Net EAFE	2.69	14.91	-4.22	1.19	90.67
● BB Agg Bond	1.13	3.66	-0.13	0.08	6.82
■ BB Global	-0.16	6.02	-1.74	0.15	9.35

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Benchmark Comparisons Used In This Report

The primary index comparison for your portfolio and each of its asset classes is listed below.

TOTAL FUND BENCHMARK

03/31/2015 - Present

80% MSCI AC World Index
20% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

CASH & EQUIVALENTS BENCHMARK

8/31/2021 - Present

100% Bloomberg Barclays 3 Month T-Bill

FIXED INCOME BENCHMARK

8/31/2021 - Present

100% Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Bond

EQUITY BENCHMARK

8/31/2021 - Present

100% MSCI AC World Index

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY BENCHMARK

3/31/2015 - Present

100% MSCI Gross EAFE

OTHER ASSETS BENCHMARK

OTHER BENCHMARK

3/31/2015 - Present

100% CPI

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Benchmark Comparisons Used In This Report

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS BENCHMARK

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Performance Reconciliation Adjustments

This section provides a record of differences between information reported by your custodian and information used to create this performance report, whether at your direction or as prescribed by your Institutional Consultant on your behalf.

Scenario	Description	Net Adjustment (+/-)
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No differences in information were used in the creation of this performance report.

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United World College - Investments Not Reviewed by UBS

UBS does not conduct due diligence and has not otherwise reviewed the following investments or strategies, which are included in this report at your request. You have retained this investment or strategy without the assistance of UBS or any of its employees. The inclusion of these investments/strategies in this performance report does not constitute a recommendation by UBS that you continue to invest or add funds to the strategy.

UBS does not make initial or ongoing recommendations on this investment or manager strategy to existing or prospective clients.

The IC program offers a broad spectrum of investments and manager strategies that are researched by UBS and for which clients can receive investment advice and research.

Your IC fee will not be offset or reduced as a result of not accessing our researched options.

Account Number	Account Name/Asset Name	Identifier/Strategy	*As of Date
UWxxxSC	UWC ASC	At the time of report creation, there is insufficient data available for UBS to perform this review	
Y6xxx80	UBS SELECT TREASURY INSTITUTIONAL FUND	MFIRSD	06/30/2022

*The "as of date" indicates the date of the most recent holdings information provided by your custodian for assets held outside of UBS. If that information was not sent to UBS in time for inclusion within this report, the information contained on this page may be stale. Please see "Important Information" for additional details related to eligible assets within your advisory program. Please contact your Institutional Consultant for a list of the eligible assets in your program or if you have any other questions.

Cash and Money Market Funds are not included in this analysis. UBS does not research any money market mutual funds, other than those offered by UBS and its affiliates.

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Investment Monitoring: Your IC or CAP Agreement defines the investment monitoring performed as part of your respective investment advisory program. If we have included assets held in UBS brokerage accounts, it is important that you understand that we do not act as an investment adviser or fiduciary on brokerage assets. We do not monitor brokerage account investments through the IC or CAP Programs and we do not monitor investments as a brokerage service unless specifically agreed to in writing. This report is provided solely to help you evaluate your account performance and/or progress toward your financial objectives. By providing this report to you, we are not agreeing to monitor any brokerage account investments contained within the report. If you want ongoing monitoring of your brokerage investments, please speak with your financial advisor about the possibility of including such investments as part of an investment advisory relationship with us. Inclusion of brokerage assets in this report also distorts the actual performance of your advisory assets.

Valuation: Values shown are not inclusive of margin balances. Every reasonable effort has been made to accurately price securities; however, we make no guarantee with respect to any security's price. To determine the value of securities in your account, we generally rely on third party quotation services. If a price is unavailable or believed to be unreliable, we may determine the price in good faith and may use other sources such as the last recorded transaction. We will generally rely on the value provided by you, the custodian or issuer of that security, when (i) securities are held at another custodian; (ii) investments not available through UBS or that our systems do not recognize. To obtain current quotations, when available, contact your Institutional Consultant or Financial Advisor. Such pricing may impact the performance information provided in these reports. If pricing is indicated as "NA", the required data for that field was not provided by the other financial institution or you; this will impact the performance information provided in these reports.

Performance Analytics: Unless otherwise noted, performance shown is based on Time Weighted Rate of Return. Periods greater than one year have been annualized, but annual performance may not represent a full calendar year depending on the inception date of the first account included in these reports. Standard deviations are shown only for periods of 12 months or longer. When you hold your assets at UBS, this report will generally show performance net of manager and UBS Institutional Consulting fees, unless you and your UBS Financial Advisor decided to reflect fee information differently. If you hold your assets away from UBS, this report will generally show performance net of manager and UBS Institutional Consulting fees if your custodian provides that level of fee information, unless you and your UBS Financial Advisor decided to reflect fee information differently. Therefore, this report may reflect performance before the deduction of manager fees and/or UBS Institutional Consulting advisory fees. The payment of fees and expenses will reduce the performance of the account and the reduction in performance will have a cumulative effect over time. The net effect of the payment of fees on the annualized performance, and the compounded or cumulative effect over time, is dependent on the amount of the fee and the account's investment performance. For example, an account that experiences an annual gross performance of 10% but incurs a 2.8% annual fee that is deducted quarterly on a prorated basis, will experience net annual performance of 7.1%, a reduction of 2.9% per year. Compounding will similarly affect the account's performance on a cumulative basis.

Performance information incorporates data as of the date your accounts became available for these reports, not as of your initial acquisition of a particular investment unless performance history is imported at client's instruction. For reports that reflect combined account information, the inception date will be the earliest performance start date of any of the individual accounts selected for the consolidation time period. If an individual account's performance information is not available for a full reporting time period (month to date, quarter to date, year to date or performance to date), that account's information will only be included for the period when available. For consolidated accounts that include different account inception dates, the consolidated Additions/Withdrawals, Income Earned and Investment Appreciation/ Depreciation will include all activity that occurred during the consolidated reporting time period. The inception date of each account is listed at the beginning of this report. Accounts that hold or held insurance products will be reported on from the month end date of when insurance and annuity activity could be obtained from the carrier. To the extent that your historical data contains a mixture of net and gross performance history related to manager or advisory fees, those distinctions will impact your performance reports to the extent that the different methods of reporting are blended. Note that various factors, including unpriced securities and certain holdings, adjustments or activity may cause the results shown in this report to differ from actual performance (see the Performance Reconciliation Adjustments section for detail on differences between your Custodial statement and information used to create this performance report). Note that these results may differ from other performance reports provided to you by UBS. Performance information may be impacted by the different ways each UBS entity or third party financial institution respectively records trade executions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Neither the UBS entities nor any of their respective representatives provide tax or legal advice. You must consult with your legal or tax advisors regarding your personal circumstances.

You have discussed the receipt of this individually customized report with your Financial Advisor. Your UBS account statements and trade confirmation are the official records of your accounts at UBS. We assign index benchmarks to our asset allocations, strategies in our separately managed accounts and discretionary programs based on our understanding of the allocation, strategy, the investment style and our

research. The benchmarks included in this report can differ from those assigned through our research process. As a result, you may find that the performance comparisons may differ, sometimes significantly, from that presented in performance reports and other materials that are prepared and delivered centrally by the Firm. Depending upon the composition of your portfolio and your investment objectives, the indexes used in this report may not be an appropriate measure for comparison purposes, and as such, are represented for illustration only. Your portfolio holdings and performance may vary significantly from the index. Your financial advisor can provide additional information about how benchmarks within this report were selected.

Using Margin in your IC or CAP Investment Advisory Accounts. Using margin in an advisory account is a more aggressive, higher risk approach to pursuing your investment objectives. Unless you have selected a strategy that requires the use of margin as part of its implementation, we do not recommend the use of margin in advisory accounts, including IC and CAP accounts. The decision to leverage in an advisory account rests solely with you and is made against our recommendation. Your decision should be made only if you understand: (1) the risks of margin in an advisory account; (2) how margin may affect your ability to achieve investment objectives; (3) that you may lose more than your original investment. You will pay interest to UBS on the outstanding margin loan balance. Using margin to purchase securities in an advisory account increases the amount of (but not the percentage of) the advisory fee you pay. Positive or negative performance of a margined advisory account will be magnified by virtue of using margin. You will not benefit from using margin in an advisory account if the performance of your account does not exceed the interest expense being charged on the loan plus the additional advisory account fees incurred by your account as a result of the deposit of the loan proceeds.

Using Advisory Accounts as collateral for a credit line. If you currently have UBS Bank USA Credit Line collateralized by advisory accounts, UBS Bank USA pays UBS Financial Services a servicing fee based on the amount of outstanding loan balances to compensate UBS for referring clients and for administrative and operational support relating to the loan. If you maintain a balance on a non-purpose loan, your Financial Advisor will receive compensation primarily based upon the outstanding balance and the corresponding spread on the loan. This provides an incentive for your Financial Advisor to refer you for a non-purpose loan and to draw down on the loan. As UBS and your Financial Advisor are compensated primarily through advisory fees paid on your account, we (and your Financial Advisor) benefit if you draw down on your loan to meet liquidity needs rather than sell securities or other investments in your UBS account, which would reduce our advisory fee. A draw down would preserve your Financial Advisor's advisory fee revenue and may generate additional loan-related compensation for him. This presents a potential conflict of interest for your Financial Advisor when addressing your needs for liquidity. Please consider your options and these conflicts of interest carefully when deciding whether to liquidate assets or draw down on a non-purpose loan.

UBS Financial Services Inc. is in the business of establishing and maintaining investment accounts and we will receive compensation from you in connection with investments that you make, as well as additional compensation from third parties whose investments we distribute. This presents a conflict of interest when we recommend that you move your assets to UBS from another financial institution, and also when we make investment recommendations for assets you hold at, or purchase through, UBS. For more information on how we are compensated by clients and third parties, conflicts of interest and investments available at UBS please refer to the 'Your relationship with UBS' booklet provided at ubs.com/relationshipwithubs, or ask your UBS Financial Advisor for a copy. Neither UBS, our affiliates nor our Financial Advisors will act as investment adviser to you with respect to the liquidation of securities held in an advisory account to meet a margin call or credit line loan demand

Benchmark Index Information: For comparison purposes, these reports may contain a number of general broad market indices, which were selected to demonstrate the performance of broad market indicators that are readily recognized, rather than for direct performance comparisons, and do not reflect the performance of actual investments. The selection and use of benchmarks is not a promise or guarantee that your accounts will meet or exceed the stated benchmarks. Benchmark information is illustrative and relates to historical performance of market indexes and not the performance of actual investments. Indexes are not available for direct investment and reflect an unmanaged universe of securities. Indices assume no management, custody, transaction fees or expenses that would lower the performance results, and assume reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Information about indices is based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but no independent verification has been made. UBS does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any index information presented. Market index data is subject to review and revision, and UBS reserves the right to substitute indices or display only those indices for which current updated information is available. Information regarding the indexes shown in this report can be found at the end of this report.

Risk Considerations: Some of the general risk considerations associated with the investment options included in this report are described below. The descriptions are not meant to be a complete list of all investment risks. For more complete information regarding fees, expenses, risks and restrictions associated with these investments please review the offering documents and marketing materials. Investors should consult their tax advisor about their specific tax situation before investing in any securities. In addition, clients should familiarize themselves with the particular market risks and the other risks associated with the specific investment. All investments contain risk and may lose value.

Cash and cash alternatives: Cash and cash alternatives typically include money market securities or three-month T-Bills. These securities have short maturity dates and they typically provide a stable investment value as compared to other investments and current interest income. These investments may be subject to credit risks and inflation risks. Treasuries also carry liquidity risks for sales prior to maturity. Investments in money market funds are neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), the U.S. government or any other government agency. There can be no assurance that the funds will be able to maintain a stable net asset value at \$1.00 per share or unit.

Alternative Investments: Non-traditional asset classes are alternative investments that include hedge funds, private equity, and private real estate (collectively, non-traditional or alternative investments). These investments can be subject to substantial risks (including the risks associated with limited liquidity, the use of leverage, short-sales and concentrated positions), may involve complex tax structures and strategies, and may not be easily valued. The risks of alternative investments should be carefully considered in light of your investment objectives, risk tolerance and net worth. Alternative investments are speculative and entail substantial risks, which may place your capital at risk. Alternative investments may not have been registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or under any state securities laws. The market for such investments may be highly illiquid and subjectively valued, and these reports provide values for informational purposes only. Accuracy is not guaranteed. These values may differ substantially from prices, if any, at which a unit may be bought or sold and do not necessarily represent the value you would receive from the issuer upon liquidation. Issuer estimated values, if any, are generally updated on a regular (annual or semi-annual) basis and are supplied to us by the issuer, but may be calculated based on different information from what is used by third parties to derive their estimated values.

U.S. Fixed Income: Fixed income represents exposure (whether direct or indirect) to debt issued by private corporations, governments or federal agencies. Historically, fixed income has higher return than cash investments but their value can fluctuate dramatically as they are subject to risks including market, interest rate, issuer, credit, default and inflation risk. An investment in a portfolio may be worth more or less than its original cost when redeemed. In addition, fixed income generally has less volatility and long-term return than equities. U.S. fixed income may be further classified as high yield. These investments are high yielding but may also carry more risk. A bond funds yield and value of its portfolio fluctuate and can be affected by changes in interest rates, general market conditions and other political, social and economic developments.

U.S. Equity: Equities represent exposure (whether direct or indirect) to ownership interest in a corporation. Historically, equities are more risky than fixed income or cash investments as they experience greater volatility risk, which is the risk that the value of your investment may fluctuate over time. However, they have had higher returns. Investments in small and medium company stocks can be more volatile over the short term than investments in large company stocks, however, they may offer greater potential for appreciation.

Non-U.S. equity and fixed income: Non-U.S. equity and fixed income represent exposure (whether direct or indirect) to ownership interests and debt, respectively, of foreign governments and corporations that can be sub-divided into those from countries that have developed markets or emerging markets. Further, non-U.S. companies not reporting with the SEC may be subject to accounting, auditing, and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from companies reporting with the SEC and may have less publicly available information about them than companies reporting with the SEC.

International: Investors in securities of issuers located outside of the United States should be aware that even for securities denominated in U.S. dollars, changes in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the issuer's "home" currency can have unexpected effects on the market value and liquidity of those securities. Those securities may also be affected by other risks (such as political, economic or regulatory changes) that may not be readily known to a U.S. investor.

Variable Annuities: A variable deferred annuity is a long-term financial product designed for retirement purposes. It is a contractual agreement in which payment(s) are made to an insurance company, which agrees to pay out an income or a lump sum amount at a later date. There are fees and charges associated with a variable annuity contract, which include, but are not limited to, operations charges, sales and surrender charges, administrative fees, and additional charges for optional benefits. Variable annuities are sold by prospectus and you should carefully consider important information on the sub-accounts' investment objectives, risk, charges and expenses.

Please read the prospectus and offering documents carefully before you invest. Your Financial Advisor can provide a copy of the prospectus. For current month-end returns:

<http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> Withdrawals from an annuity contract are taxable as ordinary income, not as capital gains and, if made prior to age 59 and 1/2, may be subject to an additional 10% federal income tax penalty. Withdrawals may also be subject to surrender charges. Withdrawals will reduce the death benefit, living benefits and cash surrender value. For tax purposes, withdrawals will come from any gain in the contract first. Please see the prospectus for complete details. Amounts in the annuity's variable investment portfolios are subject to fluctuation in value and market risk, including loss of principal. Unregistered group variable annuities and registered group variable annuities that are solely available for use in qualified plans are rated and ranked based on their position within the bell curve of the open end fund peer group (a.k.a. category), rather than the variable annuity subaccount peer group. These ratings and ranks are calculated by using an overlay of the open end fund peer group break points and therefore do not contribute to the category average or number of funds within the peer group. For variable annuity subaccounts, standardized return is total return based on its inception date within the separate account and is adjusted to reflect recurring and non-recurring charges such as surrender fees, contract charges, maximum front-end load, maximum deferred load, maximum M&E risk charge, administration fees, and actual ongoing fund-level expenses. The benchmark used for each individual subaccount performance is an index that has been assigned to the particular manager or fund.

Mutual Fund Performance Information: Mutual Funds are sold by prospectus and you should carefully consider important information on the fund's investment objectives, risk, charges and expenses. Please read the prospectus and offering documents carefully before you invest. Your UBS Institutional Consultant can provide a copy of the prospectus. For current month-end returns: <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> <http://advisor.morningstar.com/familyinfo.asp> This analysis may incorporate mutual fund and exchange traded fund performance results. Analytics shown are calculated based on the fund's Net Asset Value, which may reflect the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, as well as the deduction of 12b-1 fees and fund internal expenses (e.g. fund management fees). The analytics do not reflect the deduction of the sales load, where applicable, the UBS Consulting fee(s), where applicable, or the impact of taxes. Had the sales load, fee or taxes been included, the results used in this analysis would have been reduced.

Wilshire Trust Universe Comparison Service Information: These reports may contain comparative peer performance data provided by Wilshire Associates Incorporated (Wilshire®), entitled "Quartile Ranking Comparison." Output will be presented as a universe organized by asset type, plan type, plan size or other basis. Wilshire®, the Wilshire Trust Universe Comparison Service® and TUCS® are service marks of Wilshire Associates Incorporated and have been licensed for use by UBS Financial Services Inc. All content of TUCS is ©2021 Wilshire Associates Incorporated, all rights reserved.

Ranking Methodology: Universe ranking assigns a whole number rank between 1 and 99 for a set of values. This is the distribution. Ranking is determined by comparing a value to the values in the set, and using the rank assigned to the value that is equal to or 'better' than the value being compared. A 'better' value is based on whether a higher value is better or a lower value is better. A set of values can be ranked either high to low (as in rates of return, where a higher value is better than a lower value) or low to high (such as Beta). **Policy Index:** A point of reference for evaluating a portfolio's investment performance. A policy index can be comprised of single or multiple benchmarks (weighted blend). Portfolios with multiple benchmarks will be depicted with a description of benchmarks and weights that comprise the policy. **The benchmarks that constitute the policy index change over time as your portfolio changes. For historical policy index information, see the Benchmark Comparisons Used in this Report exhibit.**

Gain/(Loss) Information: When data is available from UBS, estimated unrealized gains/losses are calculated for individual security lots. For assets transferred from another financial institution, gain/loss information will be reflected only for the period of time the assets have been held at UBS entities. For assets held at other financial institutions, information provided by you or that entity, if any, is reflected. Total realized gain/loss information may include calculations based upon non-UBS entities cost basis information. UBS Financial Services Inc. does not independently verify or guarantee the accuracy or validity of any information provided by sources other than UBS Financial Services Inc. When original cost information is unavailable, gain/loss amounts will represent current market value and total gains/losses may be inaccurate. Date information for when a particular security was acquired, when available, appears on these reports. When no acquisition date is provided for a security, these reports reflect "N/A" and omit this information. As a result, these figures may not be accurate and are provided for informational purposes only.

Interest and Dividend Income: When shown on this report, information does not reflect your account's tax status or reporting requirements. You should use only official IRS forms for tax reporting purposes. The classification of private investment distributions can only be determined by referring to the official year-end tax-reporting document provided by the issuer.

Contributions and Withdrawals: When shown on a report, information regarding contributions and withdrawals may represent the net value of all cash and securities contributions and withdrawals, and may include program fees (including wrap fees) and other fees added to or subtracted from your accounts from the first day to the last day of the period covered by these reports. Program fees may be separately identified or included in withdrawals except when paid via an invoice or through a separate account billing arrangement.

Cash Flow: Cash Flow analysis is based on the historical dividend, coupon and interest payments you have received as of the Record Date in connection with the securities listed and assumes that you will continue to hold the securities for the periods for which cash flows are projected. This may or may not include principal paybacks for the securities listed. These potential cash flows are subject to change due to a variety of reasons, including but not limited to, contractual provisions, changes in corporate policies, changes in the value of the underlying securities and interest rate fluctuations. The effect of a call on any security(s) and the consequential impact on its potential cash flow(s) is not reflected in this report. Payments that occur in the same month in which the report is generated -- but prior to the report run ("As of") date -- are not reflected in this report. In determining the potential cash flows, UBS relies on information obtained from third party services it believes to be reliable but does not independently verify or guarantee the accuracy or validity of any information provided by third parties. Cash flows for mortgage-backed, asset-backed, factored, and other pass-through securities are based on the assumptions that the current face amount, principal pay-down, interest payment and payment frequency remain constant.

Calculations may include principal payments, are intended to be an estimate of future projected interest cash flows and do not in any way guarantee accuracy.

Important information about advisory & brokerage services: As a firm providing wealth management services to clients, UBS Financial Services Inc. offers investment advisory services in its capacity as an SEC-registered investment adviser and brokerage services in its capacity as an SEC-registered broker-dealer. Investment advisory services and brokerage services are separate and distinct, differ in material ways and are governed by different laws and separate arrangements. It is important that clients understand the ways in which we conduct business and that they carefully read the agreements and disclosures that we provide to them about the products or services we offer. A small number of our financial advisors are not permitted to offer advisory services to you, and can only work with you directly as UBS broker-dealer representatives. Your financial advisor will let you know if this is the case and, if you desire advisory services, will be happy to refer you to another financial advisor who can help you. Our agreements and disclosures will inform you about whether we and our financial advisors are acting in our capacity as an investment adviser or broker-dealer. For more information, please review the PDF document at ubs.com/relationshipssummary. While we strive to make sure the nature of our services is clear in the materials we publish, if at any time you would like clarification on the nature of your accounts or the services you are receiving, please speak with your UBS Institutional Consultant. The ACCESS, SWP, AAP, MAC and Institutional Consulting ("IC") programs offer some of the same Separately Manage Account ("SMA") Managers for different SMA Manager fees. The amount of the fee paid to each SMA Manager is a function of that SMA Manager's investment style and the fee negotiated with the SMA Manager either by UBS (in ACCESS, SWP) or by you (in MAC or IC). Depending on your asset level and ability to negotiate the investment management fee with the SMA Manager in the dual-contract structure of the MAC or IC program, you may find that the single-contract structure in ACCESS and SWP provides a more cost-effective option or vice versa. In addition, based on the combination of our fees and your SMA Manager's fees, the overall fee for your SMA account in ACCESS, SWP, MAC or IC may exceed 3% of the account value. Please review your options and overall costs carefully with your Financial Advisor before investing.

Calculation Definitions

Accrued Interest: In accounting, accrued interest refers to the amount of interest that has been incurred, as of a specific date, on a loan or other financial obligation but has not yet been paid out. Accrued interest can either be in the form of accrued interest revenue, for the lender, or accrued interest expense, for the borrower. The term accrued interest can also refer to the amount of bond interest that has accumulated since the last time a bond interest payment was made.

Alpha: Alpha measures the difference between an investment's actual performance, and its expected performance as indicated by the returns of a selected market index. A positive Alpha indicates the risk-adjusted performance is above that index. In calculating Alpha, Standard Deviation (total risk) is used as risk measure. Alpha is often used to judge the value added or subtracted by a manager.

Annual Income is money (or some equivalent value) that an individual or business receives, usually in exchange for providing a good or service or through investing capital. Income is used to fund day-to-day expenditures. Investments, pensions, and Social Security are primary sources of income for retirees. For individuals, income is most often received in the form of wages or salary. Business income can refer to a company's remaining revenues after paying all expenses and taxes. In this case, income is referred to as "earnings." Most forms of income are subject to taxation.

Appreciation/Depreciation: Appreciation or Depreciation is the change in market value minus net cash flows. The value indicates by how much the portfolio value has changed due to changes in asset values. Appreciation would be an increase, Depreciation would be a decrease.

Average Exposure: Average Exposure is generally, the average allocation to a segment or an asset. Calculated as the beginning market value plus the weighted net cash flows as a percentage of the total portfolio market value.

Beta: Beta is defined as a Manager's sensitivity to market movements and is used to evaluate market related, or systematic risk. Beta is a measure of the linear relationship, over time, of the Manager's returns and those of the Benchmark. Beta is computed by regressing the Manager's excess returns over the risk free rate (cash proxy) against the excess returns of the Benchmark over the risk free rate. An investment that is as equally volatile as the market will have a Beta of 1.0; an investment half as volatile as the market will have a Beta of 0.5; and so on. Thus, Betas higher than 1.0 indicate that the fund is more volatile than the market.

Composite Benchmark: The Composite Benchmark is a weighted average benchmark based on the allocation of funds within each of the portfolios in the composite and the risk index assigned to each portfolio.

Correlation (R): The Correlation represents the degree to which investments move in tandem with one another and is a critical component of diversified portfolio construction. The Correlation varies between a minimum of -1 (move in opposite direction) and a maximum of 1 (completely correlated). Lower Correlations enhance diversification and lead to better risk-adjusted returns within diversified portfolios. An R of less than 0.3 is often considered low Correlation.

Cost: This is the Cost basis information. Cost basis is the original value of an asset for tax purposes, usually the purchase price, adjusted for stock splits, dividends, and return of capital distributions. This value is used to determine the capital gain, which is equal to the difference between the asset's cost basis and the current market value.

Coupon Rate: A coupon rate is the yield paid by a fixed-income security; a fixed-income security's coupon rate is the annual coupon payments paid by the issuer relative to the bond's face or par value. The coupon rate, or coupon payment, is the yield the bond paid on its issue date. This yield changes as the value of the bond changes, thus giving the bond's **Yield to Maturity**. The portfolio's coupon rate is the weighted average of the assets' coupon rates.

Current Yield: This measure looks at the current price of a bond instead of its face value and represents the return an investor would expect if he or she purchased the bond and held it for a year. This measure is not an accurate reflection of the actual return that an investor will receive in all cases because bond and stock prices are constantly changing due to market factors.

Distribution of Excess Returns: Distribution of Excess Returns displays an arrangement of statistical data that exhibits the frequency of occurrence of the investment's returns in excess of the selected Market Index.

Distribution of Assets: Distribution of Assets displays monthly data related to net contributions, market values, rates of return, and Index Values.

Down Market (Mkt) Capture Ratio: Down Market Capture Ratio is a measure of an investment's performance in down markets relative to the market itself. A down market is one in which the market's return is less than zero. The lower the investment's Down Market Capture Ratio, the better the investment protected capital during a market decline. A negative Down Market Capture Ratio indicates that an investment's returns rose while the market declined.

Downside Capture Return: The downside capture return is the cumulative performance of the portfolio in all periods during which the risk benchmark posted a negative return.

Downside Probability: The downside probability is the ratio of the number of periods during which the portfolio posted a negative return to the total number of periods under study. If, for example, during a 12 month span, the portfolio realized 5 months of negative returns, the downside probability would be equal to 5/12 or 42 percent. The sum of the downside and upside probabilities must equal 1.0. The downside probability does not consider the extent to which the portfolio will fail to exceed the target index. It merely considers the likelihood that the target will not be exceeded. It is important to bear in mind this point when comparing the downside probabilities of more than one portfolio. It is not necessarily correct, for example, to deem portfolio A riskier than portfolio B simply because A has a higher downside probability.

Downside Risk (Semi Standard Deviation, Semi Std Dev, or Downside Deviation): Downside Risk only identifies volatility on the down side. Downside Risk measures the variability of returns below zero, whereas Standard Deviation attributes volatility in either direction to risk. The Downside Risk method calculates the deviations below zero for each observed return. Each time a return falls below zero, the sum is divided by the number of observations and the square root is taken. This result is then shown on an annualized basis.

Dynamic Index: A weighted average blended benchmark of the risk indices assigned to each asset class, based on the asset allocation of the portfolio for a given period. The benchmark index weighting adjusts with changes to the asset allocation. A Dynamic Index should not be used when measuring against the client's *Investment Policy Statement*.

Effective Duration: A duration calculation for bonds with embedded options. Effective duration takes into account that expected cash flows will fluctuate as interest rates change.

Excess: Denotes that a statistic is being measured relative to the Market Index selected. The data set analyzed consists of the periodic differences between the investment's measure and the selected Market Index's definition. **Expense Ratio:** Often referred to as the Net Expense Ratio, Morningstar pulls the net annual expense ratio from the fund's audited annual report. Annual-report expense ratios reflect the actual fees charged during a particular fiscal year. The annual report expense ratio for a fund of funds is the wrap or sponsor fee only. The expense ratio expresses the percentage of assets deducted each fiscal year for fund expenses, including 12b-1 fees, management fees, administrative fees, operating costs, and all other asset-based costs incurred by the fund. Portfolio transaction fees, or brokerage costs, as well as initial or deferred sales charges are not included in the expense ratio. The expense ratio, which is deducted from the fund's average net assets, is accrued on a daily basis. If the fund's assets are small, its expense ratio can be quite high because the fund must meet its expenses from a restricted asset base. Conversely, as the net assets of the fund grow, the expense percentage should ideally diminish as expenses are spread across the wider base. Funds may also opt to waive all or a portion of the expenses that make up their overall expense ratio.

Gross Dollar Weighted Return: Gross Dollar Weighted Return is the internal rate of return, excluding money manager fees.

Gross Expense Ratio: Represents the total gross expenses (net expenses with waivers added back in) divided by the fund's average net assets. If it is not equal to the net expense ratio, the gross expense ratio portrays the fund's expenses had the fund not waived a portion, or all, of its fees. Thus, to some degree, it is an indication of fee contracts. Some fee waivers have an expiration date; other waivers are in place indefinitely.

Gross Time Weighted Return: Gross Time Weighted Return is the Modified Dietz return, excluding money manager fees.

Index Value: Index Value is the unit value series based on the return stream. It can be used to calculate rates of return between any two dates in the report.

Information Ratio: The Information Ratio is a measure of value added by an investment manager. It is the ratio of (annualized) excess return above the selected Market Index to (annualized) Tracking Error.

Excess return is calculated by linking the difference of the manager's return for each period minus the selected Market Index return for each period, then annualizing the result.

Investment Class: Group of financial instruments which have similar financial characteristics and which tend to behave similarly in the marketplace.

Investment Style: Method and philosophy followed by a manager when selecting financial instruments.

Management Firm: Professional organization managing various assets in order to meet specified investment goals for the benefit of its clients.

Manager Capture Ratio: The Manager Capture Ratio is manager return divided by the selected Market Index return. It shows what portion of the market performance was captured by the manager under certain market conditions: up market, down market, or both.

Market Experience: Market Experience is the presumable market value of the portfolio if it and its cash flows had grown at the policy index rate of return. It lets the reader know if active management has aided or hurt the portfolio.

Maturity Date: The maturity date is the date on which the principal amount of a note, draft, acceptance bond or other debt instrument becomes due. On this date, which is generally printed on the certificate of the instrument in question, the principal investment is repaid to the investor, while the interest payments that were regularly paid out during the life of the bond, cease to roll in. The maturity date also refers to the termination date (due date) on which an installment loan must be paid back in full.

Net Cash Flow: For the total portfolio, net cash flow is aggregate contributions minus aggregate withdrawals. At the asset class level, net cash flow is aggregate purchases minus aggregate sales minus aggregate income. It is used in the numerator of the Modified Dietz return calculation. It is the same as "New Money" and "Flow".

Net Dollar Weighted Return: Net Dollar Weighted Returns is the internal rate of return, including money manager fees.

Net Time Weighted Return: Net Time Weighted Return is the Modified Dietz return, including money manager fees.

New Money: For the total portfolio, New Money is aggregate contributions minus aggregate withdrawals. At the asset class level, New Money is aggregate purchases minus aggregate sales minus aggregate income. It is used in the numerator of the Modified Dietz return calculation. It is the same as "Net Cash Flow" and "Flow".

Par value: Par value is the face value of a bond. The market price of a bond may be above or below par, depending on factors such as the level of interest rates and the bond's credit status. Par value for a bond is typically \$1,000 or \$100 because these are the usual denominations in which they are issued.

Performance Attribution: Attribution analysis is a sophisticated method for evaluating the performance of a portfolio or fund manager. Manager Contribution focuses on three factors: the manager's investment style, their specific asset selections, and the market timing of those selections. It attempts to provide a quantitative analysis of the aspects of a fund manager's investment selections and philosophy that lead to that fund's performance. Asset Allocation provides an analysis of the effects on relative performance (i.e., performance vs. an index) that are related to a portfolio's allocation between asset classes. Total Fund Attribution combines the Manager Contribution results with the impacts of Asset Allocation decisions.

Real rate of return is the annual percentage of profit earned on an investment, adjusted for inflation. Therefore, the real rate of return accurately indicates the actual purchasing power of a given amount of money over time. Adjusting the nominal return to compensate for inflation allows the investor to determine how much of a nominal return is real return. In addition to adjusting for inflation, investors also must consider the impact of other factors such as taxes and investing fees in order to calculate real returns on their money or to choose among various investing options.

Tracking error is the divergence between the price behavior of a position or a portfolio and the price behavior of a benchmark. This is often in the context of a hedge fund, mutual fund, or exchange-traded fund (ETF) that did not work as effectively as intended, creating an unexpected profit or loss. Tracking error is reported as a standard deviation percentage difference, which reports the difference between the return an investor receives and that of the benchmark they were attempting to imitate.

Treynor ratio, also known as the reward-to-volatility ratio, is a performance metric for determining how much excess return was generated for each unit of risk taken on by a portfolio. Excess return in this sense refers to the return earned above the return that could have been earned in a risk-free investment. Although there is no true risk-free investment, treasury bills are often used to represent the risk-free return in the Treynor ratio. Risk in the Treynor ratio refers to systematic risk as measured by a portfolio's beta. Beta measures the tendency of a portfolio's return to change in response to changes in return for the overall market.

Upside market Capture ratio: The Upside Capture Ratio is the ratio of the Upside Capture Return -of a portfolio against a benchmark index- divided by the Market Benchmark Index's return (from zero or positive returns).

Upside Capture Return; The Upside Capture Return, which is measured based a related benchmark index's returns, is the portfolio's compound return for returns in periods, in which the respective benchmark index's return is above or equal to zero.

Yield to maturity (YTM) is the total return anticipated on a bond if the bond is held until it matures. Yield to maturity is considered a long-term bond yield but is expressed as an annual rate. In other words, it is the internal rate of return (IRR) of an investment in a bond if the investor holds the bond until maturity, with all payments made as scheduled and reinvested at the same rate.

Policy Index: A point of reference for evaluating a portfolio's investment performance. A policy Index can be comprised of single or multiple benchmarks (weighted blend). Portfolios with multiple benchmarks will be depicted with a description of benchmarks and weights that comprise the policy.

Rate of Return, ROR, Return %, ROI: All Return terms refer to the Modified Dietz return.

Relative Risk: Relative risk is simply the ratio of the standard deviation of the portfolio to the standard deviation of the risk index. The statistic reveals how much of the variation of the risk index is "shared" by the portfolio. A relative risk of 1.0 indicates that the portfolio has the same level of return variability as the risk index. A relative risk of less than 1.0 indicates that the portfolio has shown a lower dispersion of returns than the index. A relative risk in excess of 1.0 indicates that the portfolio returns have been more dispersed than those of the index.

Riskless Index: The theoretical rate of return of an investment with zero risk. The risk-free rate represents the interest an investor would expect from an absolutely risk-free investment over a specified period of time. The 3 month T-Bill is the usual index used for riskless.

R-Squared (R2): The diversification measure R2 indicates the percentage of volatility in portfolio returns which can be "explained" by market volatility. This statistic indicates the degree to which the observed values of one variable, such as the returns of a managed portfolio, can be explained by, or are associated with the values of another variable, such as a Market Index. It is especially helpful in assessing how likely it is that Alpha and Beta are statistically significant. The R2 values generally range from 0.0 to 1.0. An investment with an R2 of 1.0 is perfectly correlated with the market whereas an investment with an R2 of 0.0 will behave independently of the market. An R2 of 0.95, for example, implies that 95% of the fluctuations in a portfolio are explained by fluctuations in the market.

Sector Allocations: The percentage a manager has allocated to specific economic sectors.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe Ratio indicates the excess return per unit of total risk as measured by Standard Deviation. It is a ratio of the arithmetic average of excess returns over the risk free rate to the Standard Deviation. The Sharpe Ratio is a measure of the premium earned for the risk incurred by the portfolio.

Sortino Ratio: The Sortino Ratio is a measure of reward per unit of risk. With Sortino, the numerator (i.e., reward) is defined as the incremental compounded average return over the minimum acceptable return (MAR). The denominator (i.e., risk) is defined as the downside deviation of the returns below the MAR. Since the downside deviation is the standard deviation of those returns which fail to exceed the MAR, the result of the Sortino Ratio is a measure of the average reward per unit of loss. As with Sharpe and Treynor, the Sortino Ratio only has value when it is used as the basis of comparison between portfolios. The higher the Sortino Ratio, the better.

Standard Deviation: A measure of the extent to which observations in a series vary from the arithmetic mean of the series. The Standard Deviation of a series of asset returns is a measure of volatility or risk of the asset.

Target Allocation: The Target Allocation is the allocation goal of the portfolio approaches and long- and short-term holding periods.

HFRI Relative Value: Equally weighted index of investment managers who maintain positions in which the investment thesis is predicated on realization of a valuation discrepancy in the relationship between multiple securities. Managers employ a variety of fundamental and quantitative techniques to establish investment theses, and security types range broadly across equity, fixed income, derivative or other security types.

Unit Values: Unit Value links periodic rates of return, beginning with an initial value of 100. It can be used to calculate rates of return between any two dates in the report.

Index Definitions

JP Morgan Global Ex-U.S. Bond Index: Consists of regularly traded, fixed-rate domestic government debt instruments from 12 international bond markets. Countries included are Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

MSCI AC World Index ex USA: Consists of approximately 2,000 securities across 47 markets, with emerging markets representing approximately 18%. MSCI attempts to capture approximately 85% of the market capitalization in each country.

MSCI EAFE Index (Europe, Australasia, Far East): A free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the U.S. and Canada. As of June 2007, the MSCI EAFE Index consisted of the following 21 developed market country indexes: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index: A free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance of emerging markets. As of November 2008, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index consisted of the following 24 emerging market country indexes: Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Israel, Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand and Turkey.

MSCI Europe Index: A free float-adjusted market capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in Europe. As of June 2007, the MSCI Europe Index consisted of the following 16 developed market country indexes: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

MSCI Japan Index: A free float-adjusted market capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of Japan.

NAREIT Index: Benchmarks the performance of the REIT industry since its inception in 1972. It was designed to provide a comprehensive assessment of overall industry performance. Some REITs available from over-the-counter markets are not included due to the lack of real-time pricing.

NCREIF Property Index (NPI): A quarterly time series composite total rate of return measure of investment performance of a large pool of individual commercial real estate properties acquired in the private market for investment purposes only. All properties in the NPI have been acquired, at least in part, on behalf of tax-exempt institutional investors - the great majority being pension funds. As such, all properties are held in a fiduciary environment.

Russell 1000® Index: Measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. It is a subset of the Russell 3000® Index and includes approximately 1000 of the largest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell 1000 represents approximately 92% of the U.S. market.

Russell 1000® Growth Index: Measures the performance of the large-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

Russell 1000® Value Index: Measures the performance of the large-cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values. **Russell 2000® Growth Index:** Measures the performance of the small-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

Russell 2000® Value Index: Measures the performance of the small-cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

Russell Mid-Cap® Growth Index: Measures the performance of the mid-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell mid-cap companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values.

Russell Mid-Cap® Value Index: Measures the performance of the mid-cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell mid-cap companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

S&P 500 Index: Covers 500 large cap industrial, utility, transportation, and financial companies of the US markets. The index represents about 75% of NYSE market capitalization and 30% of NYSE issues. It is a capitalization weighted index calculated on a total return basis with dividends reinvested.

TASS Index of CTAs: Is a dollar-weighted index based on historical managed futures performance of CTAs with established track records.

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